

## Two hijack terrorists were killed after capture Inquiry recommends probe by military, state attorney

By HURSH GOODMAN  
Post Defence Correspondent

A number of security forces personnel will be investigated for possible violations of the law following the hijacking of the hijacked Egged bus in the Gaza Strip on April 13, the Defence Ministry announced yesterday.

This was included in the ministry statement highlighting the main points of the report of the Zorea Commission of Inquiry, which investigated the circumstances surrounding the deaths of two of the four terrorists who hijacked the Tel Aviv-Ashkelon bus No. 300 on April 12.

The ministry announced that several other members of the security forces, "who did not fulfil their duties," will face disciplinary steps.

A 19-year-old Israeli woman soldier was killed in the bus attack, and eight other passengers were injured.

The commission was set up after allegations surfaced that one or two of the terrorists were killed by the security forces after their capture.

The two other terrorists died from gunshot wounds during the storming of the bus. (See full Defence Ministry statement P. 3.)

In presenting the commission's findings yesterday, Defence Minister Moshe Arens said that he regarded the findings with the utmost gravity, and "condemns most forcefully" the behaviour that led to the deaths of the two terrorists - behaviour, he said, that contradicted

the basic norms of the security forces. It was an incident, he said, that should concern all Israelis.

The commission of inquiry was established by Arens after press photographs at the scene of the hijacking photographed one of the terrorists being led away from the bus uninjured. Though the military censor prevented publication of the photographs and any reference in the Israeli press to doubts about the manner in which the terrorists had been killed, word was leaked out by the foreign press, with The New York Times leading the campaign for an investigation.

The original IDF announcement of April 13 said that all four terrorists died of wounds incurred during the storming of the bus.

Arens originally set up an internal inquiry, but quickly became convinced that a more thorough investigation was needed. He appointed Zorea and a second member and gave them extensive powers just over a month ago, receiving their findings on May 20. On Sunday Arens presented these findings to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, who has ministerial responsibility.

The Zorea report's conclusions - stating unequivocally that the two terrorists who survived the IDF's attack on the hijacked bus had been beaten to death, one of them after he had been captured and led away to a nearby field, where he was due to be interrogated - sent shock waves through the defence establishment.

The report, most of which was not made public due to the sensitivity of its operational information, does, however, say that both terrorists were knocked unconscious when the bus was taken to prevent them from detonating a bomb that was on the bus at the time. The commission said that these initial blows had been an "operational necessity" to protect the lives of the 25 passengers on the bus at the time.

One of the two surviving terrorists was led off by security personnel and then, apparently, beaten to death with a "blunt instrument" some time between his being removed from the bus and his arrival at the field where he was due to be questioned. The second died from a blow to the back of his head some time between the

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## Jewish terror trial said opening on June 17

By ROBERT ROSENBERG  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The trial of the 27 Jews charged in the case of the alleged Jewish terror underground will reportedly begin on June 17, before a three-judge panel in the Jerusalem District Court.

There were indications last night that the lawyers representing the 27 have not yet determined a common defence strategy and are divided on how to present the case.

It was not clear last night how the defendants will plead when the trial opens. The June 17 date was given in an Israeli Television report last night.

At least one lawyer, representing more than half a dozen defendants, has clearly expressed interest in a "political trial." Another lawyer, Shlomo Toussia-Cohen, taken on by the families of some of the defendants, prefers a normal criminal trial.

Legal sources close to the case last night told The Jerusalem Post that they expect the defence to request a postponement of the hearings so that the attorneys representing the defendants can have time "to study the hundreds of pages of evidence" collected by the prosecution.

The court is to decide on Thursday whether their names can be published. If the defendants are indeed ordered into custody for the duration, the police are expected to transfer them to the Prisons Service from the Jerusalem Police lock-up in the Russian Compound.

Legal sources last night said that "it is not impossible" for the three judges, in consultation with the district court administration, to ignore the summer recess in order to proceed with the trial.

The sources said that even with a

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Israeli coins on display yesterday at a scrap metal shop in Jerusalem's Old City. Dealers are buying up the coins, whose value as scrap metal exceeds their nominal value. (Yehosh Zisman)

## Iran president warns Arabs: Stay neutral in Gulf war

TEHERAN. - Iranian President Ali Khamenei warned the conservative Arab states on the other side of the Gulf yesterday to take a neutral stance on the Iran-Iraq war or "face the consequences."

Addressing the inaugural session of Iran's new Majlis (parliament) in Tehran, Khamenei did not spell out what the consequences might be.

In Manama, Bahrain, diplomatic efforts to ward off further Iranian attacks on shipping in the Gulf intensified as the 45-nation Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC) was reported to be devising a comprehensive plan for a settlement of the Iraq-Iran war.

The UN Security Council was due to resume debate on the Gulf conflict today.

Arab diplomatic sources said that an OIC mediation committee was to meet in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, June 9 to finalize the peace plan and discuss a "new initiative" by Palestine Liberation Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat, also aimed at ending the 24-month-old Gulf conflict.

In Baghdad, an Iraqi military commander said Iran had completed preparations for a new ground offensive against southern Iraq.

Speaking on Iraqi television, the commander, a brigadier who was not named, said Iraqi forces were ready "to meet the enemy and inflict heavy losses on them."

(Reuters, AP)

## Mubarak registers big win, but Wafd party strength grows

CAIRO (Reuters). - President Hosni Mubarak's ruling National Democratic Party (NDP) was yesterday headed for a big win in Egypt's general election. But the right-wing Wafd may form a stronger parliamentary opposition than seen in many years.

Early counts of votes cast on Sunday in a poll marked by violence and low turnout among the 13 million registered voters showed the NDP well ahead of four opposition parties.

Allocation of the 448 people's

Assembly seats will only be final today, after computers decide the outcome of a new and complex proportional-representation system.

Mubarak's elder brother, Sami Mubarak, appeared to have won a seat on a Wafd ticket in East Cairo.

Interior Ministry sources said the Wafd, which overturned a court ban on its existence only in January, seemed so far to be getting one vote to every three for the ruling party.

In Port Said, a Wafd stronghold, fewer than 34,000 out of 95,000 voted. The NDP got 15,175 votes and the Wafd 14,430.

Political analysts said this was likely to give the NDP four of Port Said's seats and the Wafd only two, supporting the view that a poor showing by the lesser opposition parties was going to help the NDP and hurt the Wafd.

The vote in Alexandria suggested the NDP would take around 22 seats to five for the Wafd, while in Aswan - seen as sympathetic to the left - the count suggested a clean NDP sweep of all eight seats, analysts said.

## Burg, Hammer battle to avert split in NRP

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN  
Post Knesset Reporter  
and Itim

Last minute efforts to avert a split in the National Religious Party were continuing at a meeting late last night between leaders of the two main factions. Interior Minister Yosef Burg, of Lamifne, and Education Minister Zevulun Hammer, of the Young Guard.

The meeting of the party's executive committee, originally scheduled for yesterday afternoon, was postponed until this morning because of the failure of the two factions to reach agreement on their list.

Preparing for the worst, both factions asked the Knesset House Committee to grant them recognition as separate Knesset factions - which would entitle both to state financing of their election campaign. The committee is to vote on the requests today - unless, of course, they are withdrawn.

Party lists must be submitted to the Central Elections Committee on Thursday, May 31. The committee offices will be open until midnight.

Burg's Lamifne faction refused to authorize him to reach agreement with Hammer on the party's Knesset list and then present it to the party's executive committee for approval. Burg had hoped to get such authorization without any trouble.

In an open vote, Lamifne unanimously elected Burg as the faction's no. 1 candidate. Then, in a secret ballot, Avraham Melamed was chosen for the second Lamifne slot, winning 68 votes to the 46 of Tiberias

Mayor Yigal Bibi. Bibi did not contest the third slot, which was won by David Danino, co-chairman of the party's organization department.

This meant that the party slate would be: 1. Burg, 2. Hammer, 3. Melamed, 4. Yosef Guetta, replacing MK Eliezer Avnati as the representative of the Hapoel Hamizrabi moshavim, 5. Yehuda Ben-Meir, 6. Danino. A Sephardi to be named by Hammer, 8. Sara Stern-Katan, 9. Hachibut Hadati.

When this was reported to Hammer he insisted that both Lamifne and the Youth faction put their respective lists, meaning that Melamed and Ben-Meir would be dropped to slots 6 and 7.

Raphael Ben-Natan, Burg's lieutenant in Lamifne, who split with him on Sunday over capitulating to Hammer, apparently had come to believe by this time that Hammer was not bluffing.

He returned to his faction with the news that Melamed was willing to switch places with Danino, and with the request that they approve it. This touched off a stormy and long debate.

Bibi argued that Melamed's willingness to release the second Lamifne slot to a Sephardi had created a new situation and demanded a vote between him and Danino.

Other speakers, Yitzhak Meir among them, detected a maneuver by Melamed and Danino to ensure Danino the second Lamifne slot. Melamed, he said, had intended all

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## Shamir won't name portfolio for Sharon

By SARAH HONIG  
Post Political Reporter

TEL AVIV. - Premier Yitzhak Shamir yesterday quashed a fresh attempt by supporters of former defence minister Ariel Sharon to wrest from him a promise that Sharon will be given a top portfolio if the Likud forms the next government. Shamir said he would not consider the distribution until after the July 23 election.

Almost as soon as the bid to secure the undertaking was made, the Likud was rife with rumours that Shamir had sharply rejected the idea of appointing Sharon to a new cabinet post; indeed, that he had made it clear that Sharon would have no top executive post in any government he (Shamir) might head.

But Shamir called the rumours "bare-faced, unfounded lies." No one, sources close to Shamir stressed, has been empowered to make either promises or rejections in his name. They said Shamir has not made up his mind about the composition of any government he may form after the elections. All talk is premature until Shamir sees how the Likud fares in the elections they said.

Meanwhile, the Likud and Herut negotiating teams yesterday failed to reach agreement on La'am's representation on the Likud slate of Knesset candidates. Another meeting takes place today.

Meeting with Shamir on Sunday, La'am appeared likely to agree to have its representation cut from four to three candidates in the first 40 places.

The deadline for handing in the lists of candidates is midnight Thursday, May 31. It is estimated in both parties that La'am's representation will be somewhat cut.

This would give Herut several extra slots in the Likud list. With Liberal representation cut by two, and another from La'am, Herut would have three more relatively safe slots for its own members.

If the Likud wins 45 Knesset seats, Herut is likely to have as many as 29 MKs. This makes slots won in Herut's internal elections by Dan Meridor and Uzi Landau more realistic, and Communications Minister Mordechai Zipori and MK Eitan Livni may again be MKs.

Soldier hurt in Lebanon

Jerusalem Post Reporter

NABATIYA. - An Israeli soldier was wounded slightly yesterday when an Israeli defence convoy in which he was travelling was fired on by a passing car near the village of A-Dwar, west of here.

The IDF vehicles chased the car from which the fire came, but it made good its escape.

Home burglaries might have increased because in recent months there has been an increase in the amount of foreign currency kept at home.

Robberies involving threats are up by 45 per cent, to 204 cases, compared with 144 cases in the first third of 1983.

Police concentration on drugs and car theft has produced a 4.2 per cent drop in drug and drug-related cases, and a 1.3 per cent drop in car thefts in the period reviewed.

In the first three months of 1984, 85,777 criminal files were opened, compared to 75,256 in the same period in 1983.

The spokesmen suggested that

CBS Records Israel

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RICHARD CLAYDERMAN

to Israel on his first concert tour.



## Haifa hospital reduces surgery in building row

By DAVID RUDGE  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. - Patients who have waited up to six months for elective surgery at the Rothschild Hospital are to go back on the waiting list as a result of management's decision to close all but two of the hospital's operating theatres from today, The Jerusalem Post was told.

The management also informed the Israeli Defence Forces that it will not be able to operate as an emergency hospital for treating wounded soldiers in the event of a war.

Management's decision was based on what was considered to be the danger to patients due to the suspension of work on the west-wing building, which houses water and electricity supplies for the entire hospital.

Dr. Dov Golan, the hospital director, said matters were brought to a head when a second generator broke down, leaving the hospital without any back-up facilities in the event of a power failure.

He said that unless work on repairing the two generators is started immediately, he will have to close the premature-babies unit.

Elective-surgery patients will not be able to receive treatment at the city's other major hospitals, Rambam and Carmel, because they have their own waiting lists. "The patients who would normally come to Roth-

schild and have had their treatment postponed will have to wait until the situation here is back to normal," he said.

The contractor for the west wing stopped work after the Health Ministry refused to allocate \$1.7 million this year for equipment and materials already ordered.

A cabled request to authorize the closure of departments was sent to ministry Director General Professor Baruch Modan on May 21, but no reply was received.

The management called on the ministry to honour the Knesset Finance Committee's compromise decision by which the Friends of the Rothschild Hospital Society would provide more than half the funds needed to finish the project.

## Jordan minister: Israel grabbed half W. Bank

AMMAN (Reuters). - Jordan's minister for occupied territories said yesterday that Israeli authorities had expropriated more than half of the West Bank from Arab owners to build Jewish settlements.

The minister, Shawkat Mahmoud, told a visiting UN committee that Israel had built 172 settlements in the West Bank and another 12 on the Gaza Strip since it occupied the territories in 1967.

World Zionist Organization.

Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek has long opposed large-scale development of the city's periphery, maintaining that it comes at the expense of the city by siphoning off the strongest population elements.

Droblies proposed concentrating efforts on the creation of low-density

suburbs on government lands that would attract population from the coast plain seeking a higher quality of life while at the same time limiting the possibility of unrestricted Arab growth. He termed the current intensive Arab development around Jerusalem "a cancer."

The department's metropolitan plan was presented at the first meeting of the Greater Jerusalem Council, an ad hoc group that has no statutory role.

Labour Knesset Member Tamar Eshel, who served on the municipal council for many years, objected to the proposal, saying the department had gone beyond its jurisdiction in formulating it. She said the long-accepted planning concept for Jerusalem was of a compact city surrounded by open space and not the hub of suburban sprawl.

Another speaker objected to the term "cancer" for Arab growth. Droblies, in reply, said non-Jews have full rights to live in the metro-

politan area but that it is the responsibility of Zionist organizations to see to it that the area's predominant character is Jewish.

The metropolitan area defined by the Settlement Department extends from Sha'ar Hagai in the west, Beit El (near Ramallah) in the north, Gush Etzion in the south and Kfar Adumim in the east - a radius of half-an-hour's drive from Jerusalem.

At present, the 330,000 Jews living in this area, including the city itself, constitute 52 per cent of the population. But while Jews make up 70-72 per cent of the city's population, they constitute only 11 per cent of the population in the area outside Jerusalem. Under the proposal, the latter percentage would be increased to 42-48 per cent by 2010.

To accomplish this, the department proposes a highway that would link northern Jerusalem with the industrial area around Lod in 20 minutes and the creation of a suitable residential and industrial infrastructure around Jerusalem.

High-school teachers to strike tomorrow

By LEA LEVAVI  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. - Teachers belonging to the Secondary School Teachers Association will strike from 10 a.m. to noon tomorrow to protest against the Education Ministry's failure to publish new instructions for implementing cuts in teaching hours.

An association spokesman said that the ministry agreed during negotiations to reduce the cuts drastically, but principals are still bound by the original instructions calling for a cut of one hour every week in

every class.

The teachers are also protesting against the ministry's negative answer to their request that the school autonomy plan be scrapped. The union has instructed its members not to cooperate in implementing the plan.

The union says that if new instructions on cuts in teaching hours are not published by the end of the week, 12th-grade teachers will not supervise matriculation (bagrut) exams and will not record protective marks.

## JERUSALEM DAY IN THE JERUSALEM POST

The City of Gold becomes a city of many splendoured things, in the Jerusalem Day Supplement, Wednesday, May 30.

- \* In a city where heavy industry is banned, there is still a thriving industrial community.
- \* Jerusalem of Glass: a report on a recent symposium on architectural glass.
- \* Matchmaking in Jerusalem, with a difference.
- \* Dig We Must: one of the favourite Jerusalem activities is digging. Archaeological seminars in the city now give residents and visitors a chance to dig for a day.
- \* Jerusalem's glittering history ranges back thousands of years, but its more recent account is worth a visit to the Old Yishuv Museum.

The Jerusalem Post Jerusalem Day Supplement - don't miss it.

FREE with this Wednesday's









## West has oil for 3-6 months, says UK shipping expert

HAIFA - The industrialized Western nations have enough oil stocks now to give them "three to six months of patience" before they will have to act to restore the normal flow of oil from the Persian Gulf.

Action might take various forms - the most likely being the use of warships to escort tanker convoys - in a bid to assure the oil flow without direct military intervention in the Iran-Iraq war.

This opinion was expressed by Peter Stokes, a shipping-finance expert and former editor of *Lloyd's List*, in an interview at Haifa University. He is one of dozens of foreign and Israeli shipping experts attending a two-day conference on shipping and ports, organized by the university and the Israel Shipping and Aviation Research Institute, which started yesterday morning.

With tankers being bombed, some owners are refusing to send their tankers to the Gulf. This has meant a cessation of oil from Iran - which supplied the spot market - and a cutback from Saudi Arabia, too.

Insurance premiums on tankers have shot up into the marginal viability range, so even the higher freight rates now offered do not cover the expense and the physical risk to the crew.

While it may be possible for other producers to replace much of the Middle Eastern oil, it is important because its production costs are so low that it has kept oil prices down.

If, therefore, the flow of Middle Eastern oil from the Gulf is allowed to come to a halt, "the West will face the danger of renewed inflation and a relapse into the recession from which we are only just emerging," said Stokes.

## Modan to gov't hospitals: Charge extra for abortions

By D'VORA BEN SHAUL, Jerusalem Post Reporter

Directors of government hospitals said yesterday that they have received orders from Professor Baruch Modan, director-general of the Health Ministry, to charge women who have legal abortions in government hospitals IS2,000 plus another IS2,200 for the support of the abortions committee.

This is in contrast with the policy at Hatzadot Kupat Holim Clalit hospitals where a woman who has a permit for a legal abortion may have the operation without any additional payment above what is paid for by her health-insurance fund.

In private hospitals there is a fee

for the committee of IS3,200, and a charge of IS27,000 if the abortion is performed privately.

Regardless of which licensed committee granted the permit for an abortion, Clalit and most of the other health funds will issue a guarantee on the basis of the permit, and the woman may have the operation to terminate her pregnancy in any hospital she chooses without regard to her place of residence.

Modan and the Health Ministry spokesmen could not be reached for comment last night, but other Health Ministry sources said that the move was to help cover the deficits of government hospitals.

## MDs threaten action on overtime pay

Jerusalem Post Reporter

If the government and Hatzadot hospitals do not immediately start paying doctors overtime rates for any work in excess of 42 hours per week, the doctors will take action, Israel Medical Association sources said yesterday.

An arbitration panel appointed last summer after the national doctors strike fixed the doctors' work week at 42 hours and ruled that overtime must be paid for additional work. The hospitals have not yet

complied with this ruling.

Last night the IMA's legal adviser, Simha Kaiman, told *The Jerusalem Post* that the association's professional committee had decided to notify the government, the Hatzadot and the hospitals of a work dispute.

Sources in the larger public hospitals said doctors work an average of 80 hours per week and the hospitals cannot afford overtime pay, but neither can they function if doctors adhere to a 42-hour week.

## Voluntary head tax for Assaf Harofeh

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TZARFIM - Mayors and chairmen of local councils in the area served by Assaf Harofeh Hospital have decided to impose a voluntary head tax of IS200 per resident for the hospital.

Mayor Meir Nitzan of Rishon LeZion told visiting President Chaim Herzog that it is estimated that IS50 million will be raised for the hospital in this manner.

Dr. Mordechai Varon, head of the hospital, asked the president to help guarantee that the hospital's budget is not cut during the next five years so the building programme can continue and patients no longer have to be hospitalized in old wooden huts.

## Psoriasis treatment centre to be built at Dead Sea

Jerusalem Post Staff

Preliminary construction work on a centre for the treatment of psoriasis is to begin soon at the Dead Sea, a spokesman for the Tourism Ministry announced yesterday. The centre, which is to accommodate 1,000 patients per day, is expected to be completed within 18 months, and it is hoped that it will draw more "medical tourism" to Israel. (Itim)

DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE - A \$1 million diagnostic medical-imaging centre, equipped with tomograph and ultra-sound scanning equipment, was opened at the privately owned Elisha hospital here last night.

## Israel not threatening nuclear facilities

By MURRAY GORDON

Special to *The Jerusalem Post* VIENNA - Israel has informed the International Atomic Energy Agency that it has no intention of threatening any nuclear facility intended for peaceful purposes and, in its view, all such facilities should be "inviolable from military attack."

This message was conveyed in a letter to the IAEA's director-general, Dr. Hans Blix, by the director-general of Israel's Atomic Energy Commission, Uzi Eilam. Eilam asked that the letter be presented at the agency's board meeting on June 5.

The statement is designed to dissuade the 34-nation board from recommending punitive action against Israel in connection with the 1981 attack against the Iraqi nuclear facility. On the board's agenda is an item regarding the attack and what is regarded as a standing Israeli threat to repeat it.

The treaty to adopt sanctions against Israel became a possibility following last year's general conference. The conference, which is the policy-making body of the Vienna-based agency, adopted an Arab-sponsored resolution expressing grave concern over the Israeli attack and the threat this posed to the development of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes.

Item 2 of the resolution, which had the support of the Soviet bloc and many Third World states, called on Israel "to withdraw forthwith its threat to attack and destroy nuclear facilities in Iraq and in other countries."

## Man suspected of raping his wife

A Jerusalemite was remanded

into custody for 12 days by the Jerusalem Magistrates Court yesterday on suspicion of raping his wife and mistreating her from the time of their marriage two and a half months ago.

The police representative told the court that the man, 39, attacked his wife, and prevented her from leaving the house to go to her work as a nurse.

Ten days ago, the court was told, she succeeded in leaving the house and going to work, but her husband came and got her, pushed her into his car and hit her, then drove her to their home in Beit Hakerem and raped her.

## 'Sick' port workers back at work today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

ASHDOD - The 180 administration and finance workers of Ashdod port are expected to return to work today after being absent for two days.

It was learned that they will say they didn't feel well.

According to the labour contract, workers are allowed to be absent from work two days twice a year without having to bring a sick slip from a doctor.

The workers reportedly took this step in protest against the way management is negotiating with them on pay and benefits.

Itan Or, port manager, said the two-day absence did not cause any slow-down at the port and ships are entering and leaving on schedule.



Masaki Nakayama, secretary general of the Japan-Israel Parliamentary League, is visiting the country and is to be witness to the establishment of a similar group of Knesset members today. He is a member of the Liberal Democratic Party, his parents were both members of the Japanese parliament, and his mother was the first woman cabinet member in Japan. During his stay, Nakayama is due to meet with President Chaim Herzog, the chief rabbi and Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir.

## UN men fly long route fearing Arab sanctions

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT

Post Aviation Reporter

One hundred and seventy Ghanaian soldiers en route to Unifil postings in Southern Lebanon, and 170 others completing their tour of duty, had to fly to Athens and change planes there for fear that Arab governments might take sanctions against direct flights to and from Israel.

Ghana Airways, which won the Unifil bid to fly the troops, has reportedly pleaded "operational reasons" for flying only to and from Athens and chartering an El Al Boeing 707 for the flight to and from Tel Aviv.

Last December, hundreds of Ghanaian soldiers were stranded at Ben-Gurion and Cairo airports for a day and a night because Ghana Airways refused to fly here.

## Weizmann Institute gives degree to Navon

Jerusalem Post Staff

REHOVOT - Former president Yitzhak Navon yesterday received an honorary doctorate from the Weizmann Institute for his service to the nation, his contribution as a man of letters, and his work in bringing together different ethnic groups.

Navon got the award as part of a ceremony in which 107 students at the institute got degrees in the natural sciences.

## Zorea Commission findings

The Defence Ministry yesterday issued the following statement on the Zorea Commission report:

1. Major General (Res.) Meir Zorea has submitted to the defence minister the report of the commission of inquiry he headed into the causes of the deaths of the terrorists who hijacked an Egged passenger bus on April 12, 1984, held the passengers hostage and threatened to blow up both bus and passengers.

2. The minister of defence appointed a commission of inquiry after suspicion arose that two of the terrorists who hijacked the bus had remained alive after the IDF force stormed and regained control of the bus, and that they were killed only afterwards.

3. In the course of the inquiry, in which testimony was heard from dozens of witnesses, the commission ordered the terrorists' bodies exhumed and examined by a pathologist from the Institute of Forensic Medicine at Abu Kabir, to determine the causes of death.

4. On the basis of all the evidence before it, the commission determined that two of the terrorists (Jamal Mahmoud Issa Kablan and Mohammed Subhi Mahmoud Barka) were killed at an early stage of the strike force's assault on the bus, as a result of the attacking force's gunfire. The two other terrorists (Majdi Ahmad Ali Abu Jama and Subhi Shehadeh Hassan Abu Jama) were injured during the retaking of the bus and died at a later stage.

5. From the testimony heard by the commission, it has been determined that during the operation to retake the bus, the two captured terrorists were dealt severe blows to the head and body, delivered by weapons, in order to stun them and prevent any possibility of (their) detonating the bomb that was on the bus at the time. The commission has determined that these blows were an operational necessity, designed to prevent possible danger to human life.

6. Immediately after the two terrorists had been stunned, they were taken off the bus and escorted by security forces personnel to an adjacent field for preliminary interrogation (intended to provide) immediate clarification of the possible presence of booby-traps on the bus and of additional terrorists who might present immediate danger.

7. During the stage following their removal from the bus, the two terrorists were dealt severe blows by men on the scene.

8. One of the terrorists died of a skull fracture resulting from a blow dealt to the back of his head by a blunt instrument, during the time between his removal from the bus, at the earliest, and his evacuation from the site, at the latest. The second terrorist died of a skull fracture resulting from a blow to the back of his head dealt by a blunt instrument in the time between the retaking of the bus by the strike force and before his evacuation from the site, at the latest.

9. The commission has determined that no order was issued to the security forces from which it could have been inferred that the two surviving terrorists were to be killed or injured, and no one claims that he received an order to that effect or that he could have construed any order to mean that.

10. The commission has also determined that during the briefings and operational orders prior to the retaking of the bus, the question of the safety and treatment of terrorists who might be captured by security forces was not dealt with. Neither were orders pertaining to this matter issued after the two terrorists had been captured on the bus. The interrogation site had no provision for guarding it against the entry of unauthorized persons.

11. The commission also has findings and recommendations on both the individual and institutional levels.

12. The commission's findings on the personal level point to suspicions that some security forces personnel broke the law. Accordingly, an investigation will be conducted into these suspicions, further to which it will be determined what legal steps will be taken. The investigation will be carried out by the investigation branch of the Military Police and the Israel Police, in conjunction with the State Attorney's Office. Similarly, disciplinary measures will be taken against a number of other members of the security forces who did not carry out the obligations they had in this instance.

13. Findings on the institutional level, relating to the establishment of procedures for the detention of terrorists captured by security forces, are, for the most part, acceptable to the minister of defence, and he will take steps to have them implemented.

14. The minister of defence regards with the utmost gravity, and strongly condemns the behaviour that led to the deaths of the two terrorists captured on the bus, behaviour that is in clear contradiction to the basic rules and norms incumbent on all, and especially on the security forces. Not even the special circumstances of this case justify such behaviour. Therefore, legal action will be taken, in accordance with the evidence emerging in the investigation, against those suspected of illegal acts or behaviour. Furthermore, all possible steps will be taken to ensure that there is no recurrence of such an incident.

15. The report itself has been classified by the commission as "top secret" because of certain details it contains. This announcement contains the main findings cleared for publication.

## Police count on Burg for wage hike

By ROBERT ROSENBERG

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The senior staff of the national police are expecting Interior Minister Yosef Burg to throw his weight behind their demand for an 18 per cent wage hike similar to that received by Regular Army personnel.

In an unusual and frankly worded statement yesterday, the police general command said they are expecting "an automatic" wage hike, after the cabinet on Sunday approved such a rise for the Israel Defence Forces.

Five years ago, the cabinet decided in principle that police salaries be equivalent to IDF salaries. However, the police have encountered difficulties in actually obtaining the increases.

The police "expectations" of Burg were couched yesterday in cynicism. "He's too busy with the party," said one police source.

Inspector-General Arye Yitzan said "the hard working policemen" deserve the rise. More militant views were expressed in the general staff session.

Interior Ministry sources yesterday afternoon said they planned to bring up the issue.

Eighteen thousand police officers - operational and administrative - would be eligible for the raise.

In reaction to the decision to grant regular army personnel the pay increase, Burg wrote Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir reminding him that in 1979 the cabinet decided on a policy of pay parity among regular army, Israel police and Prisons Service staff.

"It is inconceivable that the cabinet will now accept a situation wherein one branch of the security services enjoy preference in pay over other branches. The cabinet should overrule the Ministerial Economic Committee on this issue," Burg wrote.

YUNG-TZE - The first kasher Chinese restaurant in Netanya, the Yung-Tze, opened in the resort town this week. The two owners are a veteran Israeli and a recent newcomer from Central America.

## Yad Sarah Organization

For lending of medical equipment and rehabilitation of the ill and the elderly in Israel

Calls Upon You

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On whether the boycott by 11 Communist states might be averted.

**Sports Federations. Primo Nebiolo, and the president of the Association of National Olympic committees, Mario Vasquez Rana.**

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هكذا من أهل















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Editor and  
Managing Director

THE JERUSALEM  
POST

Erwin Frenkel  
Editor

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## The Zorea report

THE FINDINGS, released yesterday, of the Zorea Commission, appointed to investigate how two of the four terrorists who were not shot in the Ashkelon bus incident last month were killed, answer many, if not all, the questions of public concern.

The commission report makes it plain that the two were killed after being captured. And it states unequivocally that there were no orders that could remotely have been construed to justify such action.

Those responsible will now be subject to legal action, and it must be assumed that just as the commission did not flinch from the ugly nature of its findings, so the legal proceedings will be equally forthright.

Defence Minister Arens who assumed the responsibility, from the start, to get at the truth of what happened deserves public praise. It should be self-evident that such actions, defying defence establishment norms and law, should be rooted out promptly whenever they occur. In the heat of dastardly terrorist events, like the hijacking of a bus, it is always possible for excesses to occur. And there is then always a temptation, especially in the atmosphere of Israel today, to dismiss their severity.

Mr. Arens was not trapped by the temptation. There is some evidence to assume that he was misled in the beginning by the official internal reports that came to him. But when the counter evidence was clear, Mr. Arens started the process of inquiry, which then led to the Zorea Commission. If there was an initial stage of false reporting within the security channels, that presumably will also be an element in the legal proceedings to be held.

In addition to these proceedings, what is important is that the defence establishment institute the appropriate procedures to assure that the breaches of discipline that occurred in this case will not be able to occur again.

## Parts for sale

ALTHOUGH there is hardly a party in Israel that is wholly immune to the affliction, Byzantine politics appears to have become the special hallmark of the country's religious parties. This is being cruelly illustrated in the making of lists for the coming Knesset election: alliances are made strictly for convenience and are shot through with bitter factional strife, with plots and threats and exercises in brinkmanship.

Because they occupy a strategic area between the Likud and the Labour Alignment, the National Religious Party and Agudat Yisrael have been able to parlay their limited popular strength into a measure of real power. But their continuing vital role in providing support for the government of the day has not saved them from internal disaffection and disintegration.

The NRP, having lost much of its original raison d'être as a religious Zionist party, has seen a considerable portion of its electorate drift over to the Likud, Tami and Tehiya. Yet rather than trigger a debate over values and ideas this has intensified the party contest over places and privileges, seats and funds. The effort of the Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi, Abraham Shapiro, undertaken in violation of his legal mandate, to prevent the party from breaking up completely and to bring back party defectors has been, at best, a very partial success.

Yesterday, indeed, the effort seemed for a while to be doomed, as the party was set to split into its two main factions, Dr. Burg's Lamifne and Zevulun Hammer's Young Guard. An official report to that effect was made to the Knesset.

This was not necessarily the last word on the subject. That record-holder for ministerial longevity, Dr. Burg, is well aware that his banishment from the public arena is the consummation most devoutly wished by his one-time party colleague, now head of Tami, Aharon Abuhatzira. If Lamifne were to run a separate slate, that wish might easily be granted. Dr. Burg was, therefore, arguing for surrender to the Young Guard demands about the makeup of the party's list.

The interior minister's problem has been putting down a revolt within his own faction. This might yet be overcome. The logic of party unity is obvious enough. But even if it is recognized, the scars from the current brawl might not easily heal. Certainly the alignment of the straying Matzad's Haim Druckman and Hanan Porat, with Poalei Agudat Yisrael in something called Morasha - on the basis of a bid for the extension of Israeli sovereignty "to all parts of Eretz Yisrael (now) in our hands" - could not be barred at this late date.

If the NRP is in a bind, so is Agudat Yisrael, even if, or precisely because, unlike the NRP, it is positively suffering from an embarrassment of riches. The Ashkenazi-ruled Aguda is facing a Sephardi rebellion, rather on the model of Tami's challenge to the NRP. And its own two factions were yesterday on the verge of a parting of the ways, and so informed the Knesset.

If all these splits occur, constructing and ruling another coalition government with them after the elections - if that is necessary - will become painful and costly indeed.

## POSTSCRIPTS

**PS** OUR MAN in Haifa reports that when new Finnish Ambassador Tanella Kekkonen and his wife Brita arrived in the port recently to start their tour of duty in Israel, they confirmed at first hand a story that was once famous in their country.

The ambassador is the son of Urho Kekkonen, long-time president of Finland, while his wife is the daughter of former prime minister Karl Fagerholm.

Their fathers in fact competed for the presidency in 1956, and just before the poll, Kekkonen senior, (who won and went on to be re-elected time and again) declared, "Never mind which of us wins, we'll both be grandfather to the president's grandchildren."

The ambassador and his wife duly produced two "president's grandchildren", a son, now a practising engineer and a daughter, who is studying in the University of Helsinki.

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# A FEARSOME PROSPECT

By YOSEF GOELL

THE FIRST STAGE of a typically overlong election campaign will end this Thursday with the deadline for the official registration of the lists of candidates who will compete in the July 23 elections.

With the crossing of this deadline and with this week's decision by the Central Elections Committee on the distribution of television and radio time for the parties' propaganda, the campaign itself will shift into high gear.

The next seven weeks, if one is to go by past performance, will revolve mainly around the salient issues which the politicians believe will have the greatest effect on swaying the as-yet undecided voters: the war in Lebanon, the state of the economy, and the broader but vaguer issue of the voters' fears and hopes concerning Israel's stance towards the continuing conflict with the Arabs.

Less attention will be given to the crude question of who, in the very personal sense of that term, will get what in the next government. The politicians believe that the answer to this question should be provided by the parties themselves and their constituent factions and cliques rather than by the voters.

Can there be any doubt, however, that the identity of the men in a few top positions by far overshadowed the formal ideologies and policy positions of the parties which constituted the outgoing government, in their implications for Israel and for Israelis as individuals?

Lebanon was not only the Likud's war; it was the personal war of Ariel Sharon, maneuvering behind a psychically depressed, non-functioning Menachem Begin, who despite his four-decade background as an underground leader of the Irgun, and membership in the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee never evinced an understanding of the implications of intricate military steps.

Similarly, the Likud government as a whole cannot escape responsi-

bility for the shambles of the economy. But can there be any doubt as to the major personal "contribution" of former finance minister Yoram Aridor to the scope and depth of the economic disaster?

AS THE present election campaign enters its final phase, there are no hard and fast commitments in the Likud concerning the identity of the men who would serve in these two critical positions if it is called upon to form a government coalition again.

In the Alignment, Yitzhak Rabin's hold on the defence portfolio is clear, but Gad Ya'acobi's claim on the Finance Ministry is as unsure as is Cohen-Orad's in the Likud.

What seems to be clear is the fate of the Foreign Ministry. Yitzhak Navon can have it if he wants it in the event of the Alignment forming the government as a reward for not contesting the leadership of the party. And in all likelihood, David Levy will have the post in the event of a Likud victory.

But ever since David Ben-Gurion established the precedent that it is the prime minister who is in charge of Israel's relations with the U.S. (or with France or Germany in the 1950s and early '60s) and who oversees Israel's moves in the conflict with the Arabs, the Foreign Ministry has been a vastly overrated position.

So it would be fair to argue that it really makes little difference whether Navon or Eban holds that position, or whether the choice is between Levy and Yitzhak Moda'i.

THE TRULY crucial decisions, however, will be those concerning the identity of Israel's next finance and defence ministers.

What can already be said in regard to the first of these positions is that in the event of a Likud victory, the likelihood of either Yoram Aridor or of Yitzhak Moda'i being finance minister is much greater than that of the incumbent, Yigal Cohen-Orad.

In his eight months in office, Cohen-Orad has confirmed the

predictions that his main problem would be a lack of political clout in his own party. It should be recalled that he was only the second choice of Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir (after David Levy had fled from the offer of the Treasury as if from fire).

In the present descent into an election-time economy, exemplified by this week's decision to raise the basic pay of members of the regular army, Cohen-Orad has either gone along unhappily with the demands of his more politically assertive colleagues like Levy and Aridor, or has opposed them and lost. In either case, it was a matter of Cohen-Orad's simply not having sufficient backing in his party.

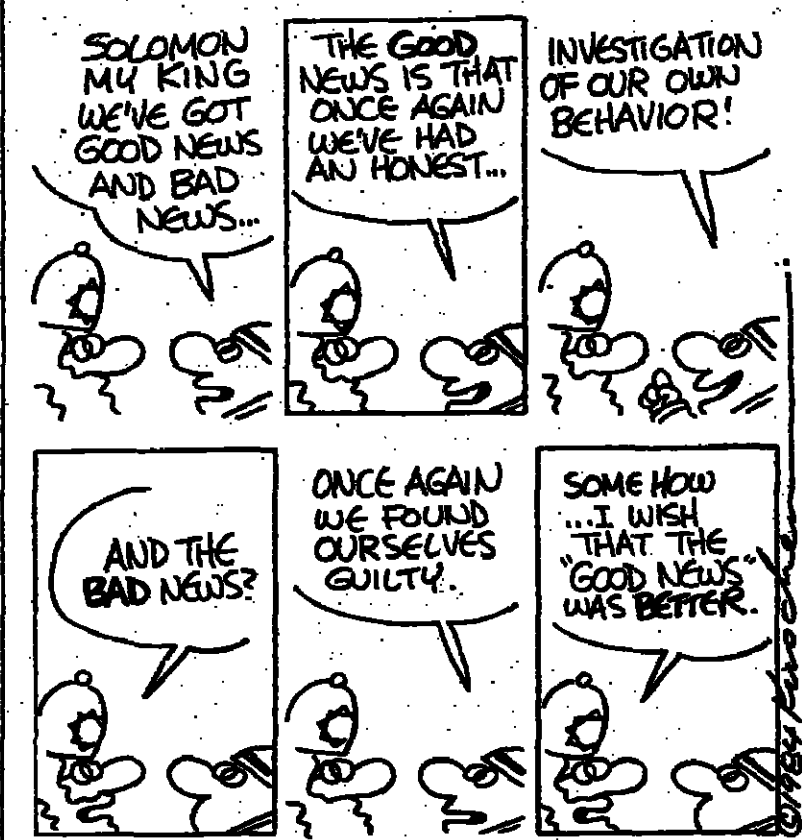
Aridor, the man who has brought Israel's economy to the brink of disaster, is, six months later, part of a trio (the other two are David Levy and Ronnie Milo) who are running the day-to-day affairs of Herut. Cohen-Orad is powerless compared with them, and can be expected to remain so when the time comes for the distribution of the ministerial portfolios in the event of a Likud victory.

Nor is the candidacy of Yitzhak Moda'i as improbable as it sounds at first blush, given his hostile performance vis-à-vis Herut last week.

A Likud victory would, by definition, mean a Liberal Knesset faction of at least 15 MKs. And a Moda'i firmly ensconced in the leadership of that party can be expected to demand a major position, like finance or the foreign ministry, instead of the relatively minor energy post he now holds. And a scared and disaffected Liberal contingent can be expected to back him to the hilt in such a demand, particularly in view of the major patronage plums that would be dangled before the Liberal activists in the Treasury-controlled economic sector or in the foreign service.

WHEREAS THE choice between Aridor, Moda'i and Cohen-Orad for the Treasury would be a matter

## Dry Bones



of polar differences in approach and in policy in extricating the economy from its present morass, the indecision in the Alignment is mainly a personal one, with few visible policy implications.

The leading Alignment candidates for the Treasury are Gad Ya'acobi, former Bank of Israel governor, Moshe Sanbar and former minister of industry and current Labour Party secretary-general Haim Bar-Lev.

The choice will, in all likelihood, hinge on the assessment of their respective abilities to whip the often competing economic interests of Labour into line in implementing a painful but unavoidable deflationary policy.

In defence, the chances of Sharon replacing Moshe Arens in a Likud administration should be rated as 50-50. True, Arens did better than Sharon in the Herut central committee vote for the Knesset list, but Sharon's ferocious determination to win back his position as defence chief should not be underrated. Nor should the power of his potential allies against Arens.

THERE IS NO question that given a

choice, a re-elected Shamir would prefer Arens, not least because Arens presents no challenge to his own position, whereas Sharon has made no secret of his intention to supplant Shamir as prime minister.

But Shamir may not have the luxury of making such a choice. If the Likud victory is a narrow one, Sharon would not hesitate to use the support he enjoys in Herut to wrest defence from Arens.

Even if the 42 per cent vote he received in Herut against Shamir for the leadership is discounted, the support Sharon enjoys is still considerable. To which should also be added the support of the Tebiya contingent, on which any Likud coalition would again depend.

It is ironic, and frightening, to think that the men who brought us the twin morasses of the Aridor economy and the Sharon war in Lebanon may be restored to their positions of power.

But politics as it is played has been known to bring about such blood-chilling results in the past.

The writer is a member of The Jerusalem Post editorial staff.

# Ideology of anarchy

By MISHA LOUVISH

na's policy of self-restraint; and Prof. Yuval Ne'eman recalls those senseless crimes, the assassination of Lord Moyne, the British minister in Cairo, in 1944, and the Swedish mediator, Count Bernadotte, in 1948, in order to arouse understanding, if not justification, for the attacks on the Arab mayors, in which, as he points out in mitigation, no one was killed - the mayor of Nabulus only had his legs blown off.

And now Dr. Paul Eidelberg spells out this point of view in considerable detail ("Labour-Likud legacy," *The Jerusalem Post*, May 17, 1984). The attacks on the Arab mayors, he says, were due to the understandable fact that, as the result of "reprehensible" government policies, "some public-spirited Jews eventually lost their patience."

The attempt to blow up Arab buses, which would have killed and maimed scores of men, women and children was "criminally stupid" - which means that it was not really criminal, or morally reprehensible, but only extremely "stupid."

If Shulamit Aloni's statement that Arab violence is caused by Arab "frustration" (surely a truism) is "tantamount to giving Moslems a licence to attack Jews anywhere," then talk as in the above-mentioned article is an open incitement to "thoughtful and patriotic Jews" - i.e. those who resent the opposition's policies and the Likud government's "softness towards Arab violence" - to carry out murderous reprisals against the Arab population and their leaders.

THE ACTIONS of the pre-state terrorists could be left to the judge-

ment of history, were it not for the fact that they are officially held up as an example today. Their faces appear on our postage stamps and streets are named after them.

A deputy minister in the Government of Israel and the prime minister's aide, Messrs. Dov Shilansky and Yehiel Kadishai, have the impudence to invite the Italian ambassador and his wife to a lunch in the Israeli legislature to celebrate the anniversary of the IZL's blowing up of the British Embassy in Rome.

A veteran member of Lehi appears on a TV entertainment programme and describes with great gusto, to the applause of the studio audience, how he set off a bomb in a crowded Jerusalem cinema "frequented by Arabs and British troops" (this was the Rex, one of the landmarks nostalgically referred to in Yossi Banai's popular song "Me and Simon and Little Mouse").

The Likud government - including the Liberal and NRP dependents of Herut - must share in the responsibility for the creation of the atmosphere in which the activities of the IZL and Lehi are admired and imitated by those on the fringe of our national life.

A PHONY "national consensus" has been created and assiduously fostered by radio and TV, on the basis of the misleading concept of "the three undergrounds: Hagana, Etzel and Lehi" - as if the Hagana was just one of the pre-state "undergrounds" and the other two were, more or less, on a par with it. (Sometimes the Palmah is presented as a separate underground, instead of as an integral part of the Hagana.)

These falsifications are of fundamental importance in creating the background for the ideology of today's terrorism. They legitimize the view that unrepresentative groups are entitled to perpetrate acts of far-reaching consequence in defiance of the properly constituted national authorities.

If our present rulers argued that the members of the IZL and Lehi, like the Hagana, were patriots and acted in what they believed at the time were the best interests of their people, nearly all of us, in all segments of the political spectrum, would be glad to leave the bitter quarrels of the past to the historians. The trouble is that the ideology of anarchy, which sanctifies the behaviour of an irresponsible minority, blindly convinced of the categorical correctness of its outlook, is still widespread - and not only on the extreme right fringe.

Of course, this is not the whole story. On this tainted soil, it is all the easier for religious fanaticism to produce poisonous fruit: if a nationalist minority can defy the majority in order, as they believe, to enhance security and promote national aims, we can expect such behaviour from those who are taught, on high religious authority, to believe that they have God Himself on their side. Hanan Porat is, no doubt, sincere in his horror at the conclusions that some of his colleagues have drawn from his dogmas, but he did not protest when his prospective electoral partner, Rabbi Haim Druckman, was jubilant when Bassam Shaka was mutilated: "So perish all thine enemies, O Lord!"

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and MK Geula Cohen argue that

everything is different now that we have a state, with an army and security forces under the control of a democratically elected government; but Dr. Eidelberg's admirably clear and forceful article shows how flimsy a barrier that is against the fanatics. If you denounce the "Labour-Likud legacy" as founded on "perfidy" and declare that "the culpability and criminalism of the government and its opposition" are even "more reprehensible" than "the alleged attempt by certain Jews to blow up Arab buses," why should "uncowed men" stop at using violent means against Arabs?

In the foolish semantic argument about whether there is a "Jewish underground" or merely "underground activity by Jews," much has been made of the fact that, so far as we know, none of the accused planned to use violence to overthrow the government; all they wanted was to defy its authority and frustrate its policies. For men with that mentality, however, is isn't such an enormous step. How would "public-spirited, thoughtful and patriotic Jews" behave if a new government concluded an agreement with Jordan based on the cession of parts of Judea and Samaria? Are we perfectly certain that they would confine themselves to acts within the law?

There was a time when we could tell the world proudly that the people of Israel do not hate the Arabs, despite two generations of implacable Arab hostility. There was a time when we had no doubts about the stability of our democratic regime. Today, alas, we cannot be so sure: there are too many danger-signals along a wide front, ranging from Kahane to Rafael "Rafal" Eitan and Arif Sharon. It is time for all men of sanity and goodwill to speak out openly and vigorously against the chauvinists, the fanatics and the anti-democrats, as well as those who foster the ideology which provides them with justification.

Misha Louvish is a Jerusalem writer and translator.

## READERS' LETTERS

### FATHERS' RIGHTS

To the Editor of *The Jerusalem Post* Sir, - The article, "Mothers' rights" (Today - May 20) has left me almost speechless in the way it purports such archaic and positively dangerous stereotypes of motherhood. Whilst I cannot argue with Aviva Bar-Am in that men can never aspire to be a mother (para 2), men can certainly aspire to be a parent and take on every single service that was mentioned in the piece.

I find it hard to believe that Ms. Bar-Am holds that motherhood is such an exclusive one-sexed occupation. Men are quite capable of being woken up in the middle of the night to comfort a child (para 4); they can stay up all night with a feverish infant (para 5); a father is able to make his children's breakfast, dress them, answer their questions (para 8). All the instances Ms. Bar-Am cites of the unique moments of being a mother apply quite easily to either parent.

What makes Ms. Bar-Am imagine that women are the only sex that can look after children? We are certainly socialised to believe that the dominant parental role belongs to the woman, but even most popular images of the family grant the male more of a caring, responsible position than Ms. Bar-Am's article does.

In fact, she doesn't mention daddies at all - is she actually referring to a one-parent family after all?

It really is quite depressing to realise that parenting still is regarded as such a womanly right. Whilst I do not wish to deny women any responsibility in bringing up a child, surely it must be obvious that it is both men's and women's privilege to look after what is, after all, their joint product.

Men have just as much right to experience the joys and pains of seeing their progeny grow up as women. Men can feel happiness, love, delight, despair, just as strongly as women, even if they have difficulty in expressing it.

Reading Ms. Bar-Am's article should incense men everywhere.

ROSALYN LEWIS  
Kibbutz Sde Nahum.

### PENFRIENDS

ILSE NICOLA (37), c/o G. Hennerbichler, Ign. Harterstr. 7, 5020 Salzburg, Austria, would like to have an Israeli penfriend.

RAFAL KOLACKI (24), of Hetmanika 42 M 1, 60-252 Poznan, Poland, would like to have Israeli penfriends. His hobbies are pop music, records and sports.

### FORMER HAGEN RESIDENTS

To the Editor of *The Jerusalem Post* Sir, - We are trying to locate former residents of Hagen, West Germany, now living in Israel. It is the town's intention to invite groups of these residents and also to show them our endeavours to rebuild the Hohenlimburg synagogue.

Would such residents please contact me at Zum Altland Bruch 6, 5800 Hagen 5, West Germany.

PROF. HERMANN ZABEL, Chairman, Synagogue Rebuilding Society, Hagen, West Germany.

### UNFAIR

To the Editor of *The Jerusalem Post* Sir, - I refer to Robert C. Morgan's letter of May 14, "Sad picture." I believe his portrayal of Israel is overly harsh and lacks a sense of proportion.

It is unfair to accuse a people of being unjust merely because some individuals in that society do not act justly. As a matter of fact, Israel is a nation characterized by a passionate devotion to justice. In this respect, Israel compares well to all other nations in the world and far surpasses most of its neighbours.

Hadera. YONIE ZUKOWSKY

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Nazar B. Ka'dijan, a former courts employee and presently a guide at the New Tourist Agency in Jerusalem, has been awarded the Honorary Degree of Doctor of Theology by the Truene Bible Institute and Seminary in Poughkeepsie, Washington.